Each culinary speciality is described under its own name. For example, for salade niçoise, see under Nicoise: à la houlangère will be found under Boulangère; beurre Colbert, under Colbert; sauce hollandaise, under hollandaise etc.

KEY TO ASTERISKS:

- * a term defined elsewhere in alphabetical
- ** a term referring to wine.
- *** a French expression based on culinary language or associated with the names of dishes or preparations.

A l' (à la): sauces, garnishes or preparations beginning in French with à l' or à la, as in à la Normande, à l'Albigeoise etc., (see under specific names such as Normande and Albigeoise). A point: cooked medium rare

Abalone: the large abalone marine snail. A much appreciated gastrono-

mic delicacy, its ear-shaped shell yields mother-of-pearl.

Abats: organ meats other than poultry giblets. - blancs: white organ meats (spinal marrow, brains, feet, sweet-

breads, heads etc). - rouges: red organ meats (heart, tongue, liver, lungs, spleen and

kidneys). Abattis: poultry giblets.

Abignades: a preparation of goose giblets from the Landes region. Ablette: bleak. Small, white-fleshed river fish for frying. Its scales are

used to make imitation pearls. Abondance: cow's milk cheese (Savoie).

- Tomme d'Abondance : dry grey rind and fruity flavour. - Vacherin d'Abondance : smooth brick-coloured rind ; wrapped

in spruce-tree bark. *** Abondance de biens ne nuit pas: store is no sore; plenty is no

*** Vivre dans l'abondance: to live in plenty.

Aboukir: (town on the Mediterranean coast of Egypt). A sandwich sponge cake filled with chestnut cream and coated with coffee icing. - amandes aboukir; a sweet *petit four made with a blanched

almond encased in marzipan and topped with icing. Abricot: apricot.

Absinthe: wormwood; absinth(e), a very strong green liqueur made from a wormwood plant, Artemisia absinthium, and other herbs. The absinth drink is now illegal in France because of its high toxicity, although the plant is still used as a bitter flavouring in drinks such as *Vermouth and for making a fortifying tea.

A.C.: see Appellation d'Origine Contrôlée. Acacia: the acacia tree, the blossoms of which are used for making fritters or as a flavouring in home-made liqueurs. Moses is said to have built the Ark of the Covenant with acacia, which was a sacred

wood for the ancient Hebrews. Acaiou: cashew nut. Accommoder: to cook, dress or prepare food. Accompagnement: side dish or garnish.

Acerbe: bitter, tart, to the taste (as with unripe fruit).

** said of a harsh wine that tastes of unripe apples. Achards (de légumes): a strongly-spiced chutney condiment composed of

small vegetables, fruits and aromatic seeds marinated in vinegar. Ache: wild celery. Also called water parsley, or smallage, from which cultivated garden celery was developed. Its leaves are used in

salads (see Céleri). Acide: acid, sharp, to the taste. Acidulé: acidulated (as of mineral waters charged with carbonic acid). - bonbon acidulé: acid drop; boiled candy sweet.

Addition: bill (check) in a restaurant.

Affinage: final stage in maturing of cheese, when rind is formed and it acquires its texture, aroma and taste.

Affiné: said of a cheese that has been fully matured.

Africaine (à l'): garnish of small buttered potatoes and two other vegetables, such as cucumber, aubergine (eggplant) or courgette, served with roast mutton and herbs.

Agaric champêtre: the common field mushroom.

Agave: the agave plant. Of Mexican origin, it is also called American aloe. Its pulp is fermented to make an alcoholic beverage called pulque, or distilled to make a strong liquor, mescal.

Agneau: lamb.

- chilindron: sauté of lamb with potatoes and garlic (Basque

- de lait: milk-fed lamb.

Agnelet: baby lamb.

Agnelle: ewe lamb.

Agressif: aggressive.

** said of a wine with too strong a taste.

Agrumes: citrus fruits.

Aïado: roast lamb shoulder stuffed with parsley, chervil and garlic (Provence).

Aiglefin (Aigrefin, Eglefin): fresh haddock (unsmoked).

Aïgo bouido (Aïgo boulido): garlic soup, served over slices of bread (Pro-

Aigo-sau d'iou: "water salt" in Provençal; a fish soup made with water and salt, plus a mixture of small white fish, onions, potatoes, tomatoes, garlic, herbs and olive oil (Provence).

Aigre: sour-tasting.

- -doux: bitter-sweet; sweet-and-sour.

*** Tourner à l'aigre: (literally, to turn sour) said of a situation that takes a nasty turn.

*** Un ton aigre-doux: a cattish tone.

Aigrefin: synonymous with *Aiglefin.

*** Aigrefin is used as a colloquial term for a dubious character, sharp operator, crook.

Aigrelet(te): sourish, tart (of fruit, sauce, etc).

Aigremoine: the agrimony plant, the astringent leaves of which are generally used for making herbal tea. Aiguillette

- de bœuf: top rump of beef or thinly-sliced fillet of beef.

- de canard: thin slice of duck breast cut lengthwise.

Ail: garlic.

Aile: wing.

Aileron: wing tip; shark's fin.

Aillade: southern French preparation including garlic, such as garlic *vinaigrette or toasted garlic bread sprinkled with olive oil. In some regions synonymous with *aioli.

Aillé: flavoured with garlic.

Ailler: to flavour with garlic; to stud a roast or rub bread with garlic.

Aïoli (Ailloli)

- plat: Provençal dish composed of cold, boiled fish or snails or cold meat, served with aioli sauce (see below) and garnished with potatoes, other vegetables and hard-boiled eggs.

- sauce: a sort of mayonnaise made from crushed garlic and olive oil, mixed in a mortar bowl.

Airelle: a general term applied in France to the Vaccinium genus of berry shrubs, in particular the British bilberry (whortleberry), or the American blueberry (huckleberry). It also includes the cranberry

slightly bitter, these berries are often served with game (boar or deer) or with smoked fish. Aisy cendré: a soft, tangy cheese made from cow's milk. It has a strong aroma and is ripened in the ashes of burnt vine stems (Aisy, in Burgundy).

(airelle rouge), the common name of which is canneberge. All

Akvavit (Aquavit): grain-based *eau-de-vie.

Albacore: yellow fin or Alison tuna fish.

Alberge: the brown-spotted, clingstone apricot.

Albigeoise (à l'): garnish made with stuffed tomatoes and *croquette pota-Albuféra, sauce: *béchamel sauce with sweet peppers.

Alcool: alcohol. An alcoholic drink is usually referred to as boisson alcoo-

Alcoolisé: alcoholic (as in drinks).

Alevin: fry or bait; young fish for stocking rivers and lakes.

Algérienne (à l'): garnish composed of sweet potatoes with crushed garlic and tomatoes.

Algue: alga: seaweed.

Alicot (Alicuit): poultry giblet stew.

Alicuit: (see Alicot).

Aligot: potato mashed or puréed with fresh *tomme cheese and garlic (Auvergne).

Aligoté

** a white Burgundy wine; the white grape from which it is made. Aliment: food; sustenance.

Alimentaire: pertaining to food.

Alimentation: food, nourishment; nutrition; groceries.

Alimenter: to feed, nourish, supply.

*** Alimenter la conversation: to keep a conversation going.

*** Alimenter une querelle: to add fresh fuel to a quarrel. Alise: the bitter-tasting service berry, fruit of the wild service shrub (Sorbus torminalis). Used for making *eau-de-vie or cider. Not

to be confused with the sorb apple, which is corme. Alisier (Alizier): *eau-de-vie with the taste of bitter almonds, made with the wild red service berries found in local forests (Alsace).

Alkékenge: the small, yellow or red strawberry tomato. A fruit of Mexican origin, it is also called winter cherry and is used in fruit salads

Allemande (à l'): in the German manner; a preparation with *sauce allemande.

- a German marinated game dish.

- sauce allemande: a white sauce made with veal or poultry stock or fish stock and mushrooms. Alliacé: pertaining to garlic.

** said of a wine that smells and tastes of garlic.

Allonger: to dilute by adding liquid. Allumettes: matches.

- strips of puff pastry, with sweet or savoury fillings.

- pommes allumettes: French fries cut as thin as matchsticks. Alose: shad, silvery fish related to the herring, though smaller. Apprecia-

ted as the finest of white fish. Alouette: the lark; often referred to as *mauviette when served at table

or used to make lark pâté. - sans tête; a rolled and stuffed slice of meat, larded and braised. Also called *paupiette or *oiseau sans tête.

*** Miroir aux alouettes: a lure to trap a gullible person.

Aloyau: loin area of beef; beef sirloin (butcher's cut that includes the rump and *contre-filet).

Alsacienne (à l'): dishes characteristic of France's Alsace region in their use of white wine, sauerkraut (pickled cabbage), cured